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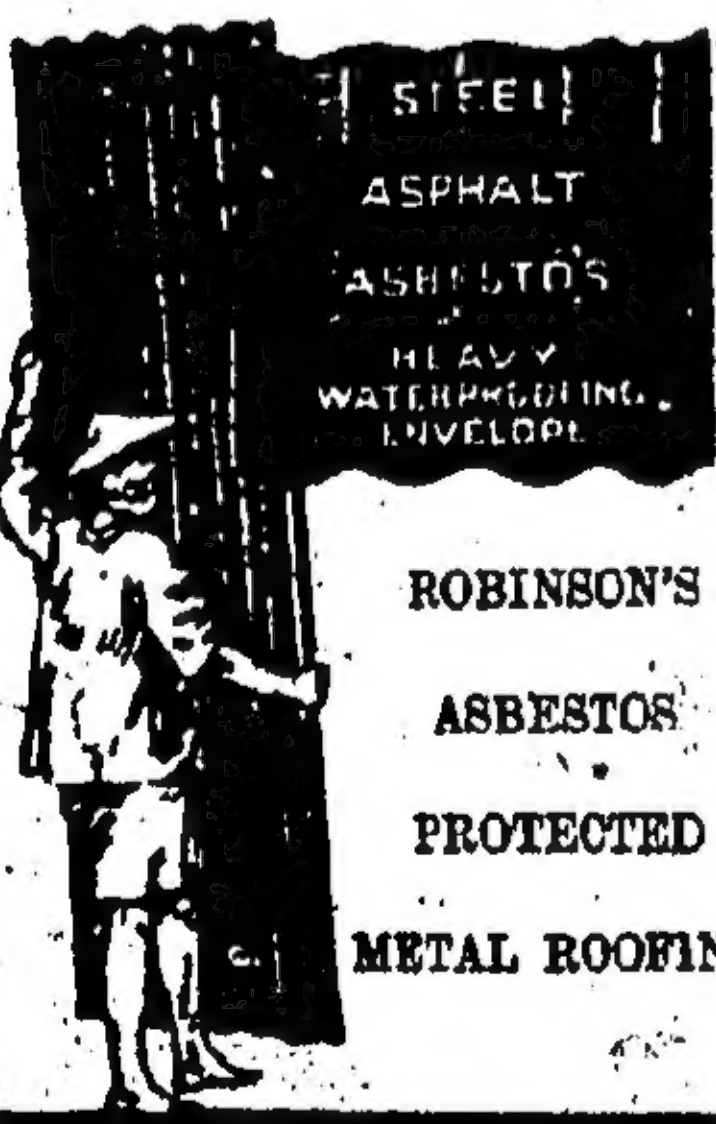
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STRIKE MEASURES.

GOVERNOR TO MAKE
STATEMENT?

CHINESE FURTHER AFFECTED.

Although events in Canton are being looked upon locally as probably a determining factor in the duration of the strike in Hongkong there has been no slackening in the measures being taken here for the maintenance of essential services and the protection of the community the latter, of course, including the continual detective work being carried out in connection with the detection of intimidators and idlers. The latter are still being deported in large numbers and fitting justice is being meted out to prisoners convicted as undesirable agitators. These have been at work for some days on the very necessary work of clearing accumulations of night-soil.

There has been little change in the local situation apart from returns of boys and amahs in certain districts and absentions from work of fitters in some of the Chinese garages. Even the dispensers in a charitable organisation conducted in connection with a missionary hospital—which makes no charges for its supply of drugs and whose work was entirely connected with Chinese—have left their work.

H.E. the Governor is expected to make a statement regarding the local situation at to-day's Legislative Council meeting.

BOATS TO STOP?

Boats returning from Canton are bringing down almost their full complement of passengers, numbers last night totalling 1,200 and the Kwong Sai this morning adding to these about 500. This on the best authority is nothing like the number that are desirous of leaving, severe restrictions being placed on the movements of Hongkong strikers who express the wish to return.

On the waterfront this morning the general topic of conversation was the action which the Chinese seamen are said to have taken or rather to be contemplating taking. After Saturday, according to the reports, no seamen will be allowed to man the river boats. In consequence of this and in order that the boat may not be stranded in Canton, the Kwong Sai, which returned to Hongkong from Canton this morning, has gone to anchor and will not make the return trip. Two reasons are being put forward as to the motive behind such a decision—one that it is the Union's reply to the deportation order of the Government and the other that they are merely acting in accordance with instructions from Canton who wish still further to prevent the return of workers to Hongkong.

That the Government would restrict the arrest of idlers merely because the regular boats were not running is, however, a very remote contingency. If they have not enough craft at their immediate service to deport such all the way the obvious course for them to take would be to take them as far as convenient, and leave them to make their own arrangements for proceeding further.

COOLIE FINED.

LEAVING SERVICE WITHOUT
NOTICE.

Before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, Mr. B. Wylie charged a house coolie with leaving his service without notice on June 24. Sub-inspector Andrew stated that the accused was found by the complainant to be working at Knutsford Terrace, almost opposite, at \$3 a day.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$25 or one month's hard labour, and the accused was further ordered to pay the complainant a sum of \$3, which represents one week's wages, the man thus forfeiting a full month's wages in lieu of notice.

The Sincere Co., Ltd., wishes to advise that all customers with pass books will be supplied with goods against their monthly accounts by arrangement with the Manager or the Accounts Department.

SEDITIONISTS.

TWO MORE CONVICTIONS
TO-DAY.

Before Mr. S. B. B. McElderry at the Central Magistracy this morning, two Chinese were charged with possession of seditious literature.

During a search by police officers at 8 p.m. on Tuesday near the Central Market, the first accused had a printed leaflet in his pocket. The second accused was pointed out as the original possessor, and in a statement he made to the police he admitted possession, but said that he received the leaflet from a small boy.

The first accused informed His Worship that he put the leaflet in his pocket for reading afterwards. He was not aware that it was of an inflammatory nature. The other man admitted having read the leaflet before passing it on to his fellow lodger. He pleaded to be ignorant that he was committing a crime by so doing.

His Worship considered the charge against the second accused as the more serious of the two and sentenced him to six weeks' imprisonment with hard labour. The first accused was fined \$10. In addition both accused were ordered to furnish sureties to sign a bond for \$200 and guarantee their behaviour for one year, or in default to undergo two months' hard labour.

SERIOUS ASSAULT.

An incident which occurred before the commencement of the strike was recalled before Mr. R. A. D. Forrest at the Central Magistracy this morning when a Chinese shopkeeper from Yumati was charged with assaulting a Government contractor.

Mr. M. K. Lo appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. C. A. S. Russ defended.

The evidence showed that the accused was one of a party of men who attacked the contractor in daylight at Coronation Road with sticks, hammers and other weapons. The contractor was rescued by a Naval Yard policeman, but he had received injuries of a serious nature as to necessitate treatment in hospital for one month. At one time the man's life appeared to be in danger.

His Worship sentenced the accused to six months' hard labour.

ARMY CAUTION.

Command Orders for forces in China, published to-day announce that only a very limited Ordnance Workshop service can be maintained and issues and receipts of stores will only be undertaken for stores immediately concerned with the strike.

As regards clothing warning is given that all reserves will have to be exhausted before Ordnance will meet demands made on it, and the warning is, extended to barrack furniture, none of which will be replaced during the strike. Unit Commanders are instructed to utilise resources at their disposal for effecting minor repairs and to observe the strictest care in use and upkeep.

DIDN'T STOP.

A licensed motor car driver named Chan Fook-ki was charged before Mr. S. B. B. McElderry at the Central Magistracy this morning with failure to stop or to report an accident.

The evidence showed that the accused knocked down a Chinese girl, causing injuries to her foot, at Wanchai Road, but Sergeant Roberts had noted the number of the car before it disappeared. On being found out by the police, the accused made a statement admitting having knocked down a girl, but that he did not stop or report the accident as he asserted that she got up and walked away.

His Worship imposed a fine of \$25 and the payment of \$5 as compensation to the injured girl.

During the week ended July 4, there were two deaths from and one case of (all-Chinese) cerebro-spinal fever, and a case of enteric fever. A (Chinese) patient with cerebro-spinal fever was reported on Monday.

Mr. P. P. J. Wodehouse, C.I.E., and Mrs. Wodehouse returned to the Colony to-day after a short holiday at Wai-hai-wai.

TURNED ON GUARD.

INDIAN CONSTABLE
WOUNDED.

An Indian constable on picket duty at Kowloon City early yesterday morning was seriously wounded and is now in hospital.

A picket of three constables proceeded to Ngau-shi-wan where a number of people were cutting wood on Government land. A Chinese who had got to the foot of the hill with a pine-tree on his shoulder dropped his haul and ran away on seeing the police. The officers gave chase and brought him to a halt after firing a shot in the air. Leaving the arrested man in the custody of Indian constable B199, Niaz Mohamed, the other two officers walked up the hill to arrest the other woodcutters. On the return of the constable lying on the ground with a bullet wound on the left side and injuries to the right ear. The prisoner had struggled with the constable and, gaining possession of the latter's revolver, wounded the constable and escaped.

The assailant has so far not been re-arrested.

STRIKE ITEMS.

The "Overseas Chinese Daily News" reports the addition of the following river steamers: the Ko Chow to Hongkong-Canton service, Kwong Hung to Hongkong-Wuchow, the Sun Yik to the Hongkong-Shanghai run.

There is not likely to be any hitch in the arrangements for amusement programmes in spite of the absence from work of cinema operators at the Coronet and Star theatres. Filipino members of the staff are doing good work.

Eighteen girls are efficiently operating lifts in the buildings of the Hongkong Land Investment Company and this in spite of the fact that the period of instruction has been very short. Some of the lifts in the Colony have been maliciously damaged but nearly all in fairly constant demand are in operation.

In spite of the strike a double wedding in the approved Chinese fashion was celebrated yesterday. Residents in Hollywood Road were pleasantly surprised by the sound of the trumpets and gongs. Later on the surprise was increased when it was seen that everything in the procession for the bride was in double quantity. Subsequently it was ascertained that two families had decided to be united, strike or no strike.

Chinese papers contain notices this morning according to which Chinese shops in certain central districts are not obliged to call at the Post Office for letters as arrangements have been made for their delivery. This, it is understood, has been done in order that large accumulations of letters may be removed from the Post Office who now have ample labour to call upon. Certain shops are to be responsible for distribution in their districts.

In an article on the financial situation of the Colony as regards Chinese trade, a writer places the number of native bankers at between 270 and 280 of which 40 or 50 are interested in making advances and the remainder principally in the rise and fall of exchange. The article adds that property worth \$20,000,000 has been mortgaged by the native banks with the exchange banks who have given out loans amounting to about \$6,000,000.

One aspect of the strike that is apparent to many is the fall in the rentals of Chinese tenements. In normal circumstances the 15 per cent. increase authorised by law would have come into effect on July 1. As about 140,000 people have left the Colony, says the "Overseas Chinese Daily News," there are many vacant cubicles and even flats in the central district. A cubicle that was hitherto let for a minimum of \$20 a month is the Chinese paper adds, now going begging at \$5 or \$7.

R.M.S. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA.

The R.M.S. Empress of Russia arrived at Kobe on July 8 at 8.30 a.m., left Kobe on July 8 at 8 p.m. and is due at Nagasaki on July 9 at 4 p.m.

TREATY POWERS.

CHINESE NOTE BEING
CONSIDERED.

STATEMENT IN COMMONS.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, July 8.

In the House of Commons, at question time, Mr. Austen Chamberlain (Foreign Secretary) declared that no proposal of severance of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Government was under consideration by His Majesty's Government.

The Diplomatic Body at Peking was considering a joint reply to the fourteen points contained in the Chinese Government's Note. He was not aware of any conflict of opinion between the Powers with regard to the reasonableness of the demands. Mr. J. Beckett (Lab.) declared the American Press has widely stated that American representatives were willing to accept but the British delegates were holding out.

Mr. Chamberlain deprecated being called on to answer questions with regard to information supplied by different Presses of the world. He emphasised he was not aware of any conflict between the Governments. Replying to Mr. G. Lansbury (Lab.) Mr. Chamberlain said Russia was not represented on the Commission of Enquiry at Shanghai because Russia was not one of the Treaty Powers.

Replying to Mr. W. C. Robinson (Lab.) Mr. Chamberlain said no proposals had been received from the Government of the United States for convening an international conference for the purpose of removing special privileges of certain nationals in the Treaty Ports of China and giving the Chinese nation unrestricted control on import duties.

Replying to Mr. C. G. Ammon (Lab.) Mr. Chamberlain said the Government was not prepared to follow the example of Germany, Austria and Russia renouncing extraterritorial privileges in China. Pending the result of the present consultations between the Treaty Powers he was not in a position to add anything to his statement of July 1.

TRIPLE COMMISSION.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, July 8.

Commenting on the summaries of the report of the triple mixed commission, published in France, blaming the British police and the American chairman of the Municipal Council in connection with the shootings at Shanghai, the "Daily Telegraph" diplomatic correspondent is of the opinion that it is "evidently calculated the leakage of the news should at least have a salutary effect that Britain cannot longer tolerate the comedy of a commission of three under penalty of seeing our prestige destroyed in China, as by not dissimilar methods it destroyed Turkey."

"NO REQUEST."

In the House of Commons, in reply to questions Mr. Austen Chamberlain stated that he had not received any request from Shanghai that the British Government should forcibly intervene to restore normality in Shanghai.

HOPEFUL.

(Reuter's Service.)

Shanghai, July 8.

The situation continues hopeful. The day was quiet except for further kidnapping of servants employed by foreigners and the confiscation by strikers of a hundred cows and foodstuffs intended for foreigners' consumption. The tramway services were curtailed.

STEAMER WRECKED.

FIFTY DROWNED OFF
JOHORE.

ONE SURVIVOR.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Singapore, July 8.

The local steamer Ban Lee Guan has been lost off the Johore coast. There is only one survivor.

It is feared that nearly fifty are drowned.

[Ban Lee Guan is the Fukien pronunciation for what in Cantonese would be "Man Lee Yuen." There is no Nam Pak Hong firm in Hongkong by this name but some of the "China Mail's" Cantonese readers may be able to recognize the firm.]

GERMAN BOURSE.

COMMITTEE CLOSING IN
PROTEST.

NEW AND OLD MONEY.

(Reuter's Service.)

Berlin, July 8.

The Committee of the Bourse has decided to close the Exchange to-day as a protest against the decision of the Reichstag to differentiate between old and new holders of the paper mark State loans and to grant the latter revaluation at only 2 1/2 per cent. as compared with 5 per cent. for old holders.

All other German exchanges are closed. Bankers and financiers generally are of the opinion that it is impossible to carry out such differentiation and anticipate German securities abroad will be adversely affected thereby. The Bourse Committee consider differentiation will destroy confidence in German loans. The Committee declared that until further notice, quotations on loans of the Reich Federal States towns will be struck out from the list.

FATAL FALL.

BEAUTIFUL BARONESS
KILLED.

HEAT WAVE SEQUEL.

(Reuter's American Service.)

New York, July 8.

Baroness Helen Zurmuehlen, who, it is understood, is from Java, fell early this morning from a seventh floor apartment of the fashionable Ritz Carlton Hotel and was killed.

The accident was apparently due to the heat wave. The Baroness had been dancing and stepped to the window to get a breath of air. Her friends were horrified to see her over-tumble and fall to the roof of a Japanese garden far below. Her diamond earrings were dashed from the settings as she fell. She should have sailed on the Berengaria to-day to join her husband who is believed to be in the Dutch diplomatic service.

Prior to her marriage the Baroness was the beautiful debutante, Helen Carruthers, from San Antonio.

COAL CRISIS.

PREMIER'S STATEMENT
IN COMMONS.

SETTLEMENT APPEAL.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, July 8.

In the House of Commons, questioned regarding the coal crisis, the Premier, Mr. Stanley Baldwin thought it was clear the possibilities of negotiation were not yet exhausted.

He appealed to both sides to explore every opportunity of a settlement and disagreed with a Labourite who was of the opinion that the deadlock was complete.

FRANCE AND SIAM.

TREATY RATIFICATION
FAVOURABLE.

(Havas Agency.)

Paris, July 8.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber has adopted the report concluding in favour of ratification of the Franco-Siamese Treaty.

London, July 8.—Leading an important and representative deputation to the Colonial Office to urge the Government to give assistance on an extended scale to the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, Sir Arthur Shipley mentioned that only £25,000 had been received in response to the appeal of Lord Milner and Lord Burnham. £100,000 would place the College on a sound basis. Mr. Amery, replying, extolled the importance of the work of the College, and pointed out that Sir Arthur Shipley's case had already been placed before the Committee of Civil Research. He hoped that it would take up the matter more definitely and more directly with the Chancellor. However much the Government were able to give, a great deal more would be needed from the interested public.—Reuter's Service.

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No Claims will be admitted at or the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after 24th June, 1925, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 1st July, 1925, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesday or Friday, between the hours of 10.30 a.m. and Noon, within the free storage period of one week.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

THE BANK LINE LIMITED.General Agents,
Hongkong, 16th June, 1925.**HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.**

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an interim dividend of \$3 per share, subject to deduction of Income Tax, has been declared for the HALF YEAR ending 30th June, 1925, at rate of 2/3. 7/8 per dollar.

The dividend will be payable on and after MONDAY, the 10th August, 1925, at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

THE REGISTER OF SHARES of the Corporation will be closed from MONDAY, the 27th July to SATURDAY, the 8th August, 1925, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
A. H. BARLOW,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 7th July, 1925.

NOTICE.**THE HONGKONG SHARE-BROKERS' ASSOCIATION.**

THE JUNE SETTLEMENT has been further POSTPONED to the 14th inst.

By Order of the Committee,
J. W. KEW,
Secretary.
Hongkong, July 4, 1925.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI HOTELS LIMITED

With reference to the offer of new shares dated the 15th May 1925 (made to the existing shareholders of the Company) by the terms of which the sum of \$7.50 per share was to be paid on the 30th June 1925 and the sum of \$5.00 on the 30th September 1925 the directors have decided (in view of the present condition of affairs) to extend these dates.

The date for payment of the first instalment is accordingly extended until the 30th September 1925 and the date for payment of the second instalment until the 31st December 1925.

As regards shareholders who take advantage of these extended times the new shares allotted to them will rank for dividend as from the 1st October 1925 in respect of half the nominal value thereof and as from the 1st January 1926 in respect of the full nominal value thereof.

Any shareholder who makes payment prior to the due date will be allowed interest at 7 per cent. per annum on the amount paid by him from the date of payment until the due date.

This notice will not affect those shareholders who make payment on the original dates, i.e. as regards the first instalment on the 30th June and as regards the second instalment on the 30th September. The shares to be allotted to them will in accordance with the original terms of the offer rank for dividend on one half the nominal value as from the 1st July 1925 and on the full nominal value as from the 1st October 1925.

By order of the Board,
J. H. TAGGART,
Managing Director.

COAL.

There are ample Stocks of Coal in the Colony. Those in need of supplies should communicate in writing with the undersigned who have been appointed by The Hongkong Government:—

S. T. WILLIAMSON, Williamson & Company, 20, Des Voeux Road, Central,
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C. A. PEEL, c/o Kailan Mining Administration, Queen's Buildings.

It is inadvisable to wait until your Stocks are depleted before communicating with the above.

Hongkong, July 7, 1925.

NOTICE

Subscribers of the China Mail not receiving their paper every evening owing to the uncertain delivery as the result of the strike are invited to notify this office if they would prefer to purchase their paper from the street newsboys direct and have the amount credited to their account.

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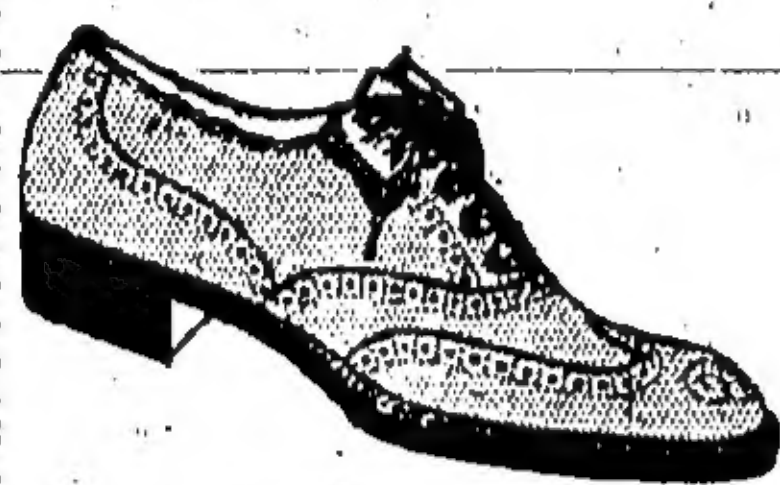
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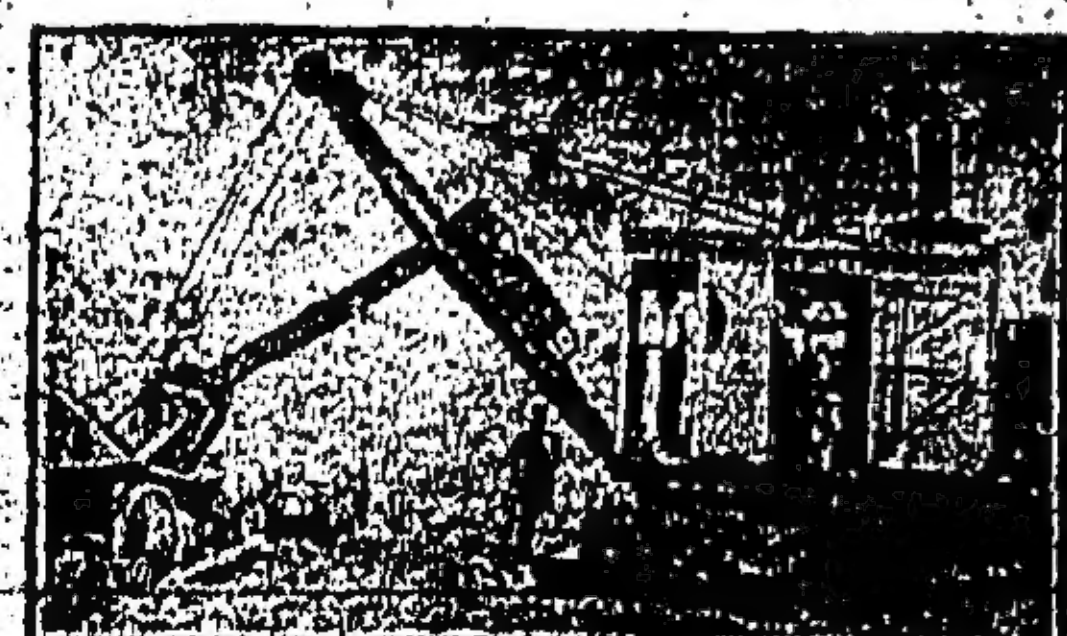
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ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mrs. Angus and family wish to thank all their friends for their kind sympathy, floral-tributes and the many letters of condolence received in their recent sad bereavement.

Hongkong, Thursday, July 9, 1925.

TIGHTENING UP.

As day succeeds day and the strike shows no sign of a sudden collapse, it is evident that the authorities are grimly determined

to tighten up the precautions relevant and necessary to the position. There are, it is true, critics who aver that the Government might have done this and done that at the very commencement of what may be described as "the operations." Be that as it may, the non-Chinese community are beginning to realise with every fresh proclamation that the authorities mean to gain the upper hand of the elements who know not law and order.

Before the end of the strike the Government will be in a position at least to know who are friends and who are enemies—who are merely scared mortals and who are secret emissaries of the force behind the whole strike movement. With those who have felt obliged, through sheer physical fear, to obey the injunction to quit their services there may be a certain amount of sympathy, although that may well be kept in reserve until the strike is over. The business at the moment is to carry on the life of the individual and of the community without any semblance of sentiment, however humanitarian some would like to be, toward those who, have innocently been parties to the general dislocation. Nothing must be permitted to interfere with that business, not even a "wait and see" policy in respect of developments in Canton, which can be left to take care of themselves. Dislocation inevitably implies monetary loss of some kind, direct or indirect. The measure of that loss must be reduced to the absolute minimum.

More Man-Power?

Is the man-power of the Colony being used to the best possible advantage in the present emergency? That is not an idle question. There have been hundreds of volunteers who have come forward to give of their services freely for the common good. Others have taken the very sensible course of joining the Volunteer Defence Corps; and still others may be classified as performing very necessary duty to the community by remaining in their present billets. Still, if a long view is to be taken of the strike and of the aftermath of the strike, it must be obvious to the most casual observer that there is a host of people content to go on from day to day as they did before the strike—without the slightest suggestion of help to the community in general. They are shirkers and nothing less than shirkers! In any comparative "roll of honour" compiled with a history of the strike the names of these shirkers, and malingerers will be found missing. It is to be hoped that a hint will be sufficient at the present juncture in the interests of the entire Colony that volunteer workers are still in demand in the vital business of "carrying on."

More Useful.

Those who arranged the volunteer route marches are probably prepared to justify them and argue that they have served a useful purpose. We sincerely hope so. But it can also be argued that Volunteer work might be more usefully employed. Routine patrols have a deadening and destroying influence when unrelieved by interest. Patrols we are sure would be glad to have work of what may be termed a more productive character. Why not let them be put on to search the many empty houses—foreign and Chinese—where it is stated are to be found nests of striking boys, coolies and amahs? The sight at the Post Office each day does not suggest a sense of order or decency. A few volunteers could certainly keep the large number of Chinese in line who crowd round a little door which seems to admit entrance to letter boxes. There are other avenues of "productive" work that would make volunteering less the holiday work it is. We need to infuse sincerity in all that is being done and to maintain it right to the bitter end.

TYPHOON NEWS.

LOCAL SIGNAL LOWERED.

The telegram quoted below was received from the Manila Observatory by the American Consulate General, Hongkong:—
9.05 a.m., July 9:—Cyclone or typhoon near or over southern Formosa, moving N.W.

Signal Down.

At 9 this morning, the "local" typhoon signal was lowered at the Royal Observatory.

SINGAPORE BASE.

PROGRESS AT THE NEW DOCKYARD.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

London, July 8.

In the House of Commons, replying to Commander J. Kenworthy, Mr. W. S. Bridgeman described the progress of the work at the new dockyard in Singapore in preparation for the dredging work for a berth for the floating dock on the arrival of the dredging fleet in November.

SAAR BASIN.

AN AMERICAN LOAN.

(*Reuter's American Service.*)

New York, July 8.

The complete success is announced of the four million dollar loan for the Saar Basin at seven per cent, which is offered here and in Chicago at 97.

F. A. TOUR.

ENGLISH TEAM STILL WINNING.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

Newcastle (N.S.W.), July 8. The association football (sent out by the English F.A.) beat Newcastle by three goals to nil.

Tokyo, July 8.—An earthquake yesterday morning shook Nagoya and a wide area of country around it. There were a few casualties, including one person killed. Some walls and chimneys collapsed, and ground fissures were caused.—*Reuter's Service.*

HARD UP.

"STRIKE EXECUTIVE'S" PLIGHT.

LACK OF FUNDS.

Canton's "Strike Executive" is hard up! In yesterday's issue of the "San Kwok Wah Po" (a prominent Kuomintang organ) a copy of which was smuggled into Hongkong and has been passed on to the "China Mail" is a notice by the "General Strike Executive for Canton and Hongkong, of the China National Labour Union." After mentioning the appointment of So Shiu-ching (also spelt So Shiu-ting) — who formerly achieved notoriety as one of the Seamen's Union Hongkong leaders—as chairman and chairman of the finance sub-committee, the notice issues an appeal to all sections. Loans, says the notice, will be officially acknowledged—whatever that may mean—and it is hinted that money is urgently needed to support the strikers in Canton.

In the same issue it is admitted that strikers returning from Canton have been victimised by "fellow-patriots" who, under pretence of welcoming the heroes, walk off with their luggage! Some of the strikers have also been embroiled in street fights regarding which serious complaints have been made.

"CABLE ROMANCE."

EASTERN TELEGRAPH CO.'S FILM.

AFTER-LUNCHEON SHOW.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

London, July 8.

"Romance of the Submarine Cable"—a film illustrating the fascinating story of the manufacture, laying, repairing and everyday work of the cable—was exhibited by the Eastern Associated Telegraph Companies after luncheon at the Savoy Hotel, presided over by the Vice-Chairman, Mr. J. C. Denison Pender.

The film gives many instances of everyday life of the Eastern Company's staff ashore and afloat. The complicated machinery employed in covering the core cable was shown in all its progress.

HEAT WAVE.

NINE DEATHS IN EAST U.S.A.

105 DEGREES F.

(*Reuter's American Service.*)

New York, July 8.

The East of the United States has been gripped in a heat wave from which there are at least nine deaths.

For two days violent thunderstorms only temporarily relieved the sweltering millions.

The temperature at Washington yesterday was 105 degrees Fahrenheit.

MOROCCO.

THE ENEMY'S LATEST OFFENSIVE.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

Paris, July 8.

It is reported from Fez that the French north of Wezzan have evacuated two advanced posts after the removal of the stores and the destruction of the defences.

A later despatch reports that the Riffs have mustered ten thousand rifles in the Wergha region, where they are endeavouring to win over the tribes. The enemy is apparently aiming at a new and intensified offensive against Fez from the north to the south.

POLICE MOBBED.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

Shanghai, July 8.

A French firm, having a consignment of tobacco aboard Messrs. Butterfield and Swire's s.s. Shuntien alongside the French Bund, attempted, to remove the cargo this morning, using their own Chinese labour, Messrs. Butterfield and Swire arranging for guards.

As soon as the work commenced, well-dressed Chinese, with a mob of striking wharf-coolies attempted to prevent the work. The French police manned the gangways, but were forced back on to the ship.

Seeing that the situation was serious the captain of the Shuntien sounded his siren for help, and a party of British blue-jackets from H.M.S. Hawkins went to the rescue and easily dispersed the crowd.

One coolie was seriously hurt, and an Annamite policeman deprived of his rifle during the struggle.

VARSITY MATCH.

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE DRAW.

ANNUAL CRICKET STRUGGLE.

The annual Oxford v. Cambridge University match at Lord's ended in a draw, the batsmen getting the better of the bowlers.

Cambridge Batsman's Feat.
(*Reuter's Service.*)

London, July 8.

Scores were as follow:—

OXFORD.

1st innings 350 runs. P. H. Stewart-Brown (Harrow and Magdalen) scored 56; J. L. Guise (Winchester and Brasenose) scored 58.

[Stewart-Brown was a Freshman last year, but not a Blue. Guise is captain this year, played last year and in 1923 he won his Blue as a Freshman but an injury at Eastbourne prevented him from playing in the big match.]

CAMBRIDGE.

1st innings 409 runs. K. S. Duleepsinhji (a Freshman from Cheltenham) contributed 75; H. J. Enthoven (Harrow and Pembroke) compiled 129. The latter scored 104 last year and thus equalled William Yardley's inter-Varsity record of two centuries in 1870 and 1872 (Yardley made 100 in 1870 and 130 in 1872 for Cambridge). L. G. Crawley (Harrow and Pembroke) scored 98.

[Enthoven is hon. secretary this year; as a Freshman he won his Blue in 1923 and he played, as stated, last year. Crawley is hon. assistant treasurer this year; he also won his Blue as a Freshman in 1923 and played last year. Duleepsinhji is a nephew of K. S. Ranjitsinhji who is better known as "Ranji."]

OXFORD.

2nd innings 214 runs for 6 wickets. P. H. Stewart-Brown scored 69 and E. R. T. Holmes (a Freshman from Malvern) made 68.

Including this match the total played to date is 87. Cambridge have won 41, Oxford 36 and 10 have been left drawn.

Reuter does not mention rain. Accordingly, it may be presumed that there was little or no interruption on the three days but that the batting—possibly on a hard, dry wicket—was so slow that a draw was inevitable on the third day (yesterday). At any rate Oxford were only 156 runs on when stumps were drawn so that there was little chance of declaring.

WORLD RECORDS.

FOKKER AEROPLANE'S LOADED SPEEDS.

(*Reuter's Service.*)

Amsterdam, July 8.

M. Grase, chief of the scientific section of the Fokker aeroplane works, flew a standard Fokker DX3 machine (of 450 horse power with a Napier-Lion engine) a hundred kilometres at an average speed of 266 kilometres; and two hundred kilometres at an average speed of 265 kilometres, with a load of five hundred kilos. These are believed to be world's records.

Warsaw, July 8.—Further incidents have occurred on the Polish-Russian frontier. Twenty Russian soldiers crossed the frontier and fired on the Polish frontier guards, who drove back the Russians of whom one was mortally wounded. Political police recently arrested two hundred Soviet emissaries on the Eastern border.—*Reuter's Service.*

EXCHANGE.

Hongkong, 8th July 1925.
On London—
Bank, Wire... 2/3-8
" On demand... 2/3 1/16
" 30 days' sight... 2/3-1
" 4 months' sight... 2/3-1
Credits 4 months' sight... 2/3-1
Documentary, 4 months' sight... 2/3-1
On Paris—
On demand... 1190
Credits, 4 months' sight... 1230
On Berlin—
On demand... 1000
On New York—
On demand... 161
Credits, 60 days' sight... 172
On Bombay—
Wire... 168
On Calcutta—
Wire... 168
On Madras—
Wire... 168
On Shanghai—
On demand... 1112
On 30 days' sight (private paper)
On 60 days' sight... 1122
On 90 days' sight... 1132
Gold Loan, 100 days (per cent)
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate) 4.45
Silver (per cent) 71

THE STRIKE.

HONGKONG'S EXCELLENT EXAMPLE.

SHANGHAI PREMIER.

Elsewhere in this issue (says the "Shanghai Mercury" of July 1), will be found an extract from a private letter received from Hongkong under date of June 24. We would particularly commend this article to the careful perusal of our readers. There can, we think, be little doubt that the Governor of Hongkong is acting with the full approval not only of all foreign residents in the Colony, but also of all foreigners in this country. The policy of the Hongkong Government can only be regarded as an excellent example—an example which the local authorities would do well to follow.

There is of course, a certain amount of difference between the Shanghai and Hongkong cases. That of Hongkong was brought about solely by the mischievous activities of the Kuomintang Reds. As Sir Reginald Stubbs pointed out at last week's meeting of the Legislative Council, "there is nothing to discuss or adjudicate on or which to compromise. There is no shadow of grievance to justify this strike." In regard to the Shanghai incident, it will be readily admitted that there was something to discuss. It must also be admitted by Chinese and foreigners alike that the interested Powers took prompt action with a view to settling the affair. Six delegates were sent down from Peking fully empowered to come to terms, but the Chinese persisted in demanding matters entirely irrelevant to the incident of May 30, with the result that the foreign delegates did the only thing possible—they returned to Peking. The question of these irrelevant matters and also that of the Nanking Road affair will be settled in due course by the responsible parties in Peking. Neither have any legitimate bearing upon the present state of affairs in Shanghai, and neither have any claim upon the attention or consideration of China's school boys, and others responsible for prolonging the strike.

After practically a month of this located commerce, it seems to us that some concerted action should be taken by the foreign employers. There can be little doubt that the strikers have been led to believe that their employers will pay them strike pay. Is it to be seriously thought that any sober-minded employer would agree to such an action? We think—and certainly hope—no. Such being the case, is it not time that the attitude of the employers was made known. Surely such a step would expedite the return to normal conditions, but foreigners must follow Hongkong's example and present a united front. Any dilly-dallying would be fatal, but we are firmly convinced that the time has come when the foreign employers should make known their attitude.

Government Determined.

The following is part of the letter quoted by the "Shanghai Mercury":

"You will already know that Hongkong is in the throes of another disgusting strike. The Government is determined this time to fight to a finish, and we have no Prince of Wales coming to prepare for. Already the Chinese have asked to be taken back, but the Government is going to decide that matter. It will be a case this time 'May I and will you take me back?' You must have read of the drastic action already taken by the Government, and honestly, I am proud to be under the Union Jack here. We are and are showing the Chinese what we can do. No money exceeding \$5 can be taken away from the Colony, no rice, no flour, and practically all foodstuffs are strictly forbidden to be exported. The Chinese are already feeling the pinch, but the Europeans have plenty to eat and drink. No rioting or disturbances of any sort have arisen, and the military have control of the whole situation. Thousands daily are going to Canton, but what they think they are going to do with \$5 and shortage of rice in Canton, remains to be seen."

CUSTOM'S DECLINE.

(Reuter's Service.)

Peking, July 8. Reuter learns that owing to the Shanghai strike and other disturbances and unrest all over the country, the net Customs revenue for the six months ending on June 30 declined by 1,500,000 taels compared with last year, out of which there was 1,000,000 taels decline during June.

It is considered, however, that the decrease need not cause undue alarm to bondholders.

(Reuter's American Service.)

Washington, July 8. It is announced that Mr. Kellogg has appointed Mr. MacMurray and Mr. Silas Strawn as America's Commissioners at the Shanghai Customs Conference.

FUNERAL.

YESTERDAY'S IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY.

The funeral of the late Mr. H. W. Petley whose death had taken place suddenly, earlier in the day was attended yesterday afternoon by many colleagues from the Hongkong Electric Company and the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps.

The coffin was draped in the Union Jack and was transferred from the hearse at the monument to an armoured car (deceased was a member of the armoured car section) and preceded to the cemetery by the firing party from his company.

Following the pull bearers (Sergeants selected from the various Companies of the Volunteer Defence Corps) was a representative detachment of other Volunteers.

The Rev. T. B. Powell (St. John's Cathedral) officiated at the ceremony.

Among those present were the Hon. Mr. A. O. Lang (Chairman of Directors of the Hongkong Electric Company, Ltd.), Mr. F. R. Marsh, M.L.E., (Manager), Messrs. S. J. C. Stanesby, J. F. Lunny, R. A. Starling, F. F. Duckworth, G. H. M. Bannerman, R. Smith, F. Glass, W. B. Muskett, G. R. Maskell, H. J. Watts, A. G. Langston, C. R. Wilson, S. Deacon, E. Rowe, A. F. Paul, S. J. Squire, C. Gahagan, J. Jarvis, V. Sorby, Capt. F. L. Brown, A. E. Wright, Mr. Duncan McNeill and many other friends and employees of the Hongkong Electric Company.

Floral tributes were sent by the following:

His widow, Sir Eric Stuart Taylor, Messrs. L. A. Chanson, Y. J. Kerley, G. Hailey, P. S. Nightingale, J. H. Ramsay, R. A. Starling, A. E. Hall, H. E. Scriven, T. A. Barclay, L. J. Blackburn, R. W. Lee, H. A. Lammert, B. L. Frost, R. Baker, D. J. Lewis, W. J. Sousa, J. E. Barrow, H. H. Taylor, E. G. Woodger, F. C. Hall, L. E. Lammert, J. Ross, W. M. B. Muskett, A. F. Ferreira, Tam Pok, Kwok Ling, Ho Ki, Lun San, C. H. Lyson, P. Lammert, Ng Cook-chi, Captain F. L. Brown, C. Strafford, H. A. R. Conant, E. Thompson, G. T. Padgett, F. Glass, G. Gordon, S. Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Donnithorne, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. MacDougall, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Murdoch, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Bridger, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Hazeland, Mr. and Mrs. L. de Rome, Mr. and Mrs. C. Silva, Mr. and Mrs. William Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. Sorby, Mrs. G. V. Stubbings and Eileen, P. T. and Miss Farrell, Mr. and Mrs. S. Deacon, and Irene, Mr. and Mrs. E. Histed, Captain and Mrs. Dudley Kilbee, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Bridger, H. Rutledge and Son, Mr. and Mrs. R. Austin, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Burn, Mr. and Mrs. C. Bunje, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. da Silva, Mr. and Mrs. Maskell, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Orchard, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Ormiston, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Morales, Mr. and Mrs. Duckworth, Mr. and Mrs. D. Ribeiro, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Parker Rees, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. M. Bannerman, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. Langston, Mr. and Mrs. Easterbrook and family, The Hongkong Electric Company, Limited, The Head Office Staff Hongkong Electric Company, The Institution of Engineers and Shipbuilders of Hongkong, Hongkong Electric Company, Post Office, Office Staff North Point, The Mains Department, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, The China Light and Power Company (1913), Limited, The European Staff Hongkong Tramways, Ltd., The Commodore and Members of the Royal Yacht Club, Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps, Lieut.-Col. L. G. Bird and Officers of the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps, Officers of the Armoured Car Company, N. C. Officers and Men of the Armoured Car Company, The Engineer Company, Scottish Company, Sergeants' Mess (H.K.V.D.C.), and the Reserve Company.

THE S.S. KASHMIR.

The P. & O. Co.'s s.s. Kashmir left Shanghai for this port on July 7, at 4 p.m., and is due here on July 10, at about 6 a.m.

For having refused to be searched in Queen's Road Central, thus thereby delaying the Police, a Shanghai Chinese was fined \$60 when prosecuted before Mr. J. A. R. Forrest at the Central Magistracy yesterday morning.

ROXOR

AS OTHERS SEE US.

A FIGHT TO A FINISH.

The Red wing of the Kuomintang who are again in control in Canton have chosen to make war on a neighbouring and friendly Colony. Says the "Peking and Tientsin Times" of June 20. There is no other meaning attaching to the "spontaneous" outbreak of the strike and other disturbances which followed the return of the Reds to authority in Canton. Whilst the whole of China was in an uproar, and anti-foreign demonstrations had occurred in such distant centres as Chungking, Hongkong remained normal and quiet. But within a few days of the re-establishment of the Reds in Canton all was changed. The strike, fomented and engineered by the Canton Government, and the unprovoked attack upon the Shamshien, form the culmination of a long series of provocations during the past two years. The Governor of Hongkong has expressed his determination to "see this thing through." We are confident that the entire British community are with him to a man and to a woman in their willingness to prosecute this struggle to a victorious issue.

The seamen's strike and the manner of its termination have taught us all a bitter and unforgettable lesson. There can be no discussion of terms this time. As Sir Reginald Stubbs publicly declared at a meeting of the Legislative Council: "There is nothing to discuss or adjudicate, or on which to compromise." It must be a fight to a finish. There is "no shadow of a grievance" to justify this strike. It is purely political in complexion and hatched in malice and envy by the Kuomintang Reds. The demands published by the agitators who have brought about this crisis are essentially political. The Chinese have some reason to complain of the refusal to give them representation on the Shanghai Municipal Council. It was a counsel of perfection, not of higher wisdom and tact, which denied the Chinese this participation in the administration of the "Model Settlement." It will unquestionably be remedied when reasonable conciliation on our side is commended by a similar spirit on the part of the Chinese, and when the acceptable compromise regarding representation of foreign taxpayers on the Municipal Council of the ex-Russian Concession in Hankow is adopted in the case of similar foreign areas in Tientsin, in accordance with an undertaking that has hitherto been utterly ignored.

But in Hongkong the Chinese have no such grievance. The demand for the popular election of the Chinese representatives on the Legislative Council is inadmissible while a similar right is denied to the British and foreign community. There is no discrimination. The British community have been conducting a perfectly legitimate campaign for a limited electoral representation during the past few years. They have, of course, not sought to enforce their demand by disorderly processes. If and when their desires are met—probably similar rights will be conceded to the responsible section of the Chinese taxpayers. But at present we are all on the same basis in the principle of representation. The Chinese members of the Council have always been high-minded and able men, and truly representative of the Chinese interests. That is more than can be said of the self-styled authorities in Canton.

If there were a genuine popular election in that city nothing would be more certain than the overwhelming repudiation of the Kuomintang extremists. It is a characteristic feature of Chinese inconsistency in their disputes with the foreign authorities, that they demand rights under foreign auspices which they do not enjoy, and apparently do not even make any serious attempt to acquire, in their own country. The Chinese taxpayers have absolutely no voice in the administration of the native city of Shanghai, and even the ineffectual and futile effort to secure the popular election of a Tupan after the civil war soon died out of inanition. What voice have the Chinese taxpayers got in the municipal administration of the native cities of Peking, Wuchang, Tientsin, or any other cities?

For very many years the relations between Hongkong and Canton were of the most cordial description. There was a common recognition of the essential unity of interests, and the sine co-operated with the other in a fine spirit of mutual helpfulness. The Seamen's Strike, openly supported and sustained by Dr. Sun Yat-sen's administration in Canton, by whom the strikers were housed and fed and subsidised, was the first really serious breach. With the exception of a brief interval the relations between the two Governments have been progressively worsening. This most deplorable break with the past is due solely to the intrigues of the Bolsheviks and to the amazing influence which Moscow's agents exercise over the left wing of the Kuomintang. While Red Army instructors have been imported and have played a large part

in the military campaigns since Sun Yat-sen returned to Kwangtung in 1923, the Hongkong Government has been reviled for its sympathy with the great commercial class. It has been accused of subsidising the revolt against the appalling exactions and tyranny of the Red regime in Canton. But this may be said for the Colony. If it had lent British officers to Chen Chiung-ming or to Chan Lam-pak, and had actually given them financial and other support, if it had actually turned its very natural and proper sympathy for the sufferers from Red rule in Canton to active help of the opponents of that regime, and backed the moderate section of the Kuomintang against Hu Han-min and his gang, it is safe to say that the Canton Bolsheviks would not be where they are to-day. If it is right for a section of Chinese political extremists to accept the aid of one Power, why should it be improper for those with real material interests—the merchants, not the politicians—to seek and to be granted the help of another?

But in point of fact we have not given material aid to anybody so far. We have scrupulously maintained our traditional policy of non-interference, in the face of intense provocation, though in the many crises that have arisen during the past two years as the result of the appalling military situation in the province, when the Red Kuomintang's flag hung by a thread, a slight departure from that neutrality would have decided the issue. What would the Soviet have to say if Chang Tso-lin imported British or Japanese officers into Harbin? There would not merely be a protest. There would be another concentration of Red troops on the frontier. We have not even protested against what is unquestionably, things being as they are, a deliberate hostile action. If the British or Hongkong Governments wanted to interfere they could do so, and to some purpose. If they wanted to associate themselves with the Yunnanese they could transport not 600 but 6,000 troops by sea from Yunnan and turn them loose within striking distance of Canton, and they could keep them in power. They could do the same in the case of Chen Chiung-ming, who has apparently been taken Swatow. We are becoming tired of these preposterous and childish charges of interference. It is inducing a feeling of exasperation, and that attitude of mind which is a temptation to do the very things we are wrongfully accused of doing. If we lent a handful of officers, money and munitions, to Chen Chiung-ming, and rendered him a little unobtrusive Naval support, he would have no difficulty in cleaning up Canton. Such help has undoubtedly been solicited on many occasions by one or other of the factions hostile to the Kuomintang extremists, and the fact is that such overtures have always been refused. Could we have a more convincing pretext than the attack on the Shamshien and the officially-inspired plot against the Hongkong Government if we really wished to interfere in Kwangtung?

Finally, let us quote the tribute paid to the British Administration in Hongkong by Sun Yat-sen when he was about to resume power in Canton in February, 1923:—"The difference between the Governments in China and Hongkong impress me so much that I begin to wonder why the British could do so much on the barren rock of Hongkong within 70 years. China during a thousand years has been unable to accomplish the same things as Hongkong. In the administration of Hongkong corruption is the exception and purity the rule. On the contrary, in China corruption is the rule. In China we have not got a Government. We have been misgoverned for many centuries. You (the Hongkong University students) must learn the English example, and we must carry the example of good Government to all parts of China."

That is the best advice Sun Yat-sen has ever given to his countrymen. In its fulfilment the Hongkong Government are undoubtedly prepared to offer any assistance that may be welcome, and that does not involve us in a breach of the policy of neutrality. Even in the present crisis, though the British have been provoked beyond measure, that policy will be and should be maintained. But we hope that the Kuomintang will take warning from the situation their avowedly and consciously hostile policy has produced, and will forthwith cease from further provocation, lest they make desperate remedies inevitable. We shall continue to defend our lives and property on the Shamshien, but we shall go no further unless Hu Han-min, and his fellow-desperadoes, force us to abandon our neutrality and to intervene, as the only means of self-preservation.

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TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAROLD WALLACE PETLEY (DECEASED).

Persons having claims against the estate of the above named deceased are requested to forward particulars at once to

JOHNSON STOKES & MASTER, Solicitors.

Princes Building, Hongkong, July 9, 1925.

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